

# 桃園市113學年度市界盃英語演講比賽題目

序號	題目
1	<p><b>Bridging the Gap: Fostering Intergenerational Understanding and Communication</b></p> <p><b>Instructions</b></p> <p>The generation gap refers to the differences in values, beliefs, and behaviors between people of different generations. These differences can lead to misunderstandings, conflict, and a breakdown in communication.</p> <p>Please observe and give an example of a difference between different generations, and propose effective methods to promote mutual understanding and communication regarding this difference.</p>
2	<p><b>Filter Failure: Taking Control of Our Information Intake in the Age of Fake News</b></p> <p><b>Instructions</b></p> <p>We're constantly scrolling, swiping, and sharing, but are we truly informed? In a world of instant information, it's easy to get caught in a whirlwind of fake news. It's time for a "filter upgrade." Let's take control of what we consume and become smarter consumers of information.</p> <p>In this speech, focus on practical steps students can take to evaluate information. Explain how fake news can manipulate our emotions and influence our decisions. Provide simple, actionable steps for fact-checking and media literacy.</p>
3	<p><b>Curiosity: The Key to Lifelong Learning</b></p> <p><b>Instructions</b></p> <p>Curiosity is the driving force behind discovery, innovation, and growth. In today's fast-paced world, where knowledge is constantly evolving, high school students who remain curious have an advantage. They seek answers, explore new ideas, and are not afraid to ask "why" or "how." However, in an era dominated by social media and instant gratification, is curiosity being replaced by passive consumption?</p> <p>This speech invites you to explore the importance of curiosity in personal and academic growth, how it influences problem-solving skills, and how it can be nurtured despite distractions. Real-life examples of curious minds who made a difference can add depth to the speech.</p>